

GlobalCurrency<sup>SM</sup>  
Disclosure Statement

*August 2011*



# GlobalCurrency Disclosure Statement

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**FOREIGN CURRENCY DEPOSITS MAY NOT BE AN APPROPRIATE INVESTMENT FOR EVERY INVESTOR. YOU SHOULD INVEST IN SUCH A DEPOSIT ONLY IF YOU UNDERSTAND THE RISKS OF FOREIGN CURRENCY TRANSACTIONS. FOREIGN CURRENCIES MAY INCUR SIGNIFICANT PRICE MOVEMENTS WITHIN THE SAME DAY AND A FOREIGN CURRENCY MAY LOSE VALUE AGAINST OTHER CURRENCIES. YOU SHOULD READ WITH CARE THE SECTION BELOW HEADED “IMPORTANT FOREIGN CURRENCY INVESTMENT CONSIDERATIONS.”**

## Introduction

Morgan Stanley Smith Barney LLC (“Morgan Stanley Smith Barney”) is making available to its customers the following types of deposit accounts (the “Deposit Accounts”) denominated in non-U.S. currencies (each a “Foreign Currency”) at Morgan Stanley Private Bank, National Association, (the “Bank”), an affiliate of Morgan Stanley Smith Barney whose deposit accounts are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (“FDIC”) up to applicable limits:

- Time Deposits—deposit accounts with maturities of seven days or longer
- Savings Deposits—a money market deposit account (“MMDA”) linked to a Demand Deposit Account

Each Deposit Account constitutes a direct obligation of the Bank and is neither directly nor indirectly an obligation of Morgan Stanley Smith Barney.<sup>1</sup> The Deposit Accounts are not certificated and are non-negotiable, and may not be transferred from us to another broker or financial intermediary. We will not maintain a secondary market in which you may sell Time Deposits prior to maturity. However, the Bank will permit early withdrawal with a penalty.

The Deposit Accounts are eligible for deposit insurance by the FDIC at their U.S. Dollar (“USD”) value up to the Maximum Applicable Insurance Limit (principal and accrued interest) per depositor in each insurable capacity (e.g., individual or joint). For purposes of the Maximum Applicable Insurance Limit, you must aggregate all Deposit Accounts that you maintain with the Bank in the same insurable capacity, including deposits at the Bank held through the Bank Deposit Program, certificates of deposit (“CDs”) and other Deposit Accounts at the Bank you hold directly or through us or other intermediaries for all capacities.

**You are responsible for monitoring the total amount of deposits that you have with the Bank in order to determine the extent of FDIC deposit insurance coverage available to you. We are not responsible for any insured or uninsured portion of a deposit at the Bank. You should carefully review the section of this document titled “FDIC Insurance,” which describes the extent of, and limitations on, FDIC insurance.**

You may deposit funds in excess of the Maximum Applicable Insurance Limit. However, in doing so, you acknowledge that your funds in excess of the Maximum Applicable Insurance Limit are not insured. In making an investment decision, you must rely on your own examination of the Bank and the terms of the offering, including the merits and risks involved. Upon request, you will be provided with publicly available information about the Bank. We are not responsible for, and have not verified, the accuracy of that information.

The Securities Investor Protection Corporation (“SIPC”) takes the position that Savings Deposits, including those denominated in foreign currencies, are not covered by SIPC insurance. SIPC has not taken a position with respect to uncertificated Time Deposits. Therefore, you should not rely on the availability of SIPC coverage or excess SIPC coverage obtained by Morgan Stanley Smith Barney in making your investment decision.

## Your Relationship with Morgan Stanley Smith Barney and the Bank

You will not receive a passbook, certificate or other evidence of ownership of the Deposit Accounts from the Bank. The Deposit Accounts are recorded at the Bank in the name of Morgan Stanley Smith Barney as your agent and are reflected in records maintained by Morgan Stanley Smith Barney. We will provide you with a written confirmation of your purchase of a Deposit Account and your Deposit Account will be reflected on your brokerage account statement. You should retain the trade confirmation and the brokerage account statement(s) for your records. You may contact your Financial Advisor at any time for information about your Deposit Account balances at the Bank.

Your brokerage account statement will provide the outstanding principal amount of each Time Deposit and Savings Deposit in the Foreign Currency, where applicable, and USD as of the date stated on your brokerage account statement. For Savings Deposits, the brokerage account statement will also show interest earned in the Foreign Currency, where applicable, and USD for the period beginning on the last business day<sup>1</sup> of the prior month up to, but not including, the last business day of the statement period. The conversion rate from a Foreign Currency to USD for the purposes of your brokerage account statement is determined by Morgan Stanley Smith Barney, but will generally be as of the statement end date. The conversion rate is stated for your convenience and may not reflect the rate we are willing to buy or sell Foreign Currencies. This rate may not reflect the conversion rate actually used for any transaction, including transactions on the statement end date.

Each Deposit Account constitutes an obligation of the Bank and is not, either directly or indirectly, an obligation of Morgan Stanley Smith Barney. No deposit relationship shall be deemed to exist prior to the receipt and acceptance of your funds by the Bank. You can obtain publicly available financial information concerning the Bank at [www.ffiec.gov/nic](http://www.ffiec.gov/nic) or by contacting the FDIC Public Information Center by mail at 3501 North Fairfax Drive, Arlington, VA 22226 or by phone at 1-877-275-3342. We do not guarantee in any way the financial condition of the Bank or the accuracy of any publicly available financial information concerning the Bank.

We may, in our sole discretion, terminate your participation in GlobalCurrency at any time upon written notice to you. Similarly, you may close your brokerage account or choose to remove Morgan Stanley Smith Barney as your agent with respect to your Deposit Account. Under these circumstances, you may not transfer your Deposit Account to another financial intermediary. (Please refer

to the Nontransferable Deposits section below for more information.) You may, however, request that your ownership of the Deposit Account be evidenced directly on the books of the Bank, subject to the Bank's rules and requirements for establishing and maintaining accounts. If you establish your Deposit Account on the books of the Bank, you will have the ability to enforce your rights in the Deposit Account directly against the Bank and we will have no further responsibility with respect to your Deposit Account. The interest paid on your Deposit Account also may be different than what you would have otherwise earned in GlobalCurrency.

In the alternative, if you wish to discontinue using our brokerage services, but want to continue holding funds in the Bank through GlobalCurrency and earning the GlobalCurrency interest rate, you can contact your Financial Advisor to waive any annual or periodic brokerage account fees. Such fees will be reinstated if and when you choose to use brokerage services again.

### **Program and Depository Institutions Changes**

Morgan Stanley Smith Barney, at its discretion, may modify the terms, conditions and procedures of the GlobalCurrency program or the participating depository institution. Morgan Stanley Smith Barney will notify you of any such changes that adversely affect you or any change to the participating depository institution. All such notices may be made by means of a letter, an entry on your Account statement or by other means. In the event the Bank is replaced with a new depository institution, you authorize Morgan Stanley Smith Barney to withdraw funds from your Deposit Accounts at the Bank and deposit the funds in the Deposit Accounts that are established at the new depository institution.

As indicated above, effective September 16, 2010, all GlobalCurrency savings and time deposits will be transferred from Morgan Stanley Bank, N.A. to Morgan Stanley Private Bank, National Association. If FDIC deposit insurance limits are changed, Morgan Stanley Smith Barney may inform you of such change by a posting on our website and an entry on your Account statement or by other means.

## Time Deposits

The Time Deposits are deposit obligations of the Bank that have a fixed term of at least seven days. A variety of maturities are available. Each Time Deposit is denominated in a Foreign Currency, bears interest at a fixed rate and pays interest at maturity. Interest rates are tiered-based on the amount of funds you deposit in a Time Deposit of a selected Foreign Currency on the date of deposit. Interest on your Time Deposit is compounded daily and accrues from the date of deposit at the Bank up to, but not including, the maturity date. As explained below, the date of deposit at the Bank may be after the date you provide funds to us. Please ask your Financial Advisor or visit [www.morganstanley.com/globalcurrency](http://www.morganstanley.com/globalcurrency) for available interest rates, Foreign Currencies and maturities that are available.

You may instruct your Financial Advisor on any business day to deposit funds in a Time Deposit at the Bank. Your Time Deposit will generally be established two business days later, assuming there are no intervening bank holidays and Foreign Currency is not being wired from another institution or deposited via check. All incoming Foreign Currency wires and checks must be deposited into a Savings Deposit first, before being transferred to a Time Deposit.<sup>2</sup> This means that it will generally take four business days to establish a Time Deposit after receipt of an incoming Foreign Currency wire or clearance of an incoming Foreign Currency check, whereas it will generally take two business days to establish a Time Deposit with funds converted from your brokerage account. See the “Delivery and Withdrawal of Foreign Currency” section below for details.

As explained further below, by authorizing us to establish a Time Deposit on your behalf, you are also authorizing us to establish a Savings Deposit in the same currency to receive the proceeds of the Time Deposit at maturity. Your Savings Deposit will generally be established one business day after maturity. However, in the event you decide to redeem a Time Deposit prior to maturity, your Savings Deposit will generally be established two business days later.

Separately, all outgoing wires must be executed from a Savings Deposit. This means that it will generally take three business days to wire funds from a Time Deposit that has matured and four business days to wire funds from a Time Deposit that has been redeemed early. We do not currently offer Foreign Currency check-writing capabilities. See the “Delivery and Withdrawal of Foreign Currency” section below for details.

You should review carefully the trade confirmations you receive in connection with any purchase, maturity or early redemption of a Time Deposit.

Commissions and/or other fees will apply when your funds are placed in a Time Deposit. Please review carefully the section titled “Fees and Compensation.”

### **Automatic Investment in Savings Deposits at Maturity**

Time Deposits mature on the date indicated on the trade confirmation and your brokerage account statements. At maturity, the funds from your Time Deposit are automatically deposited in a Savings Deposit at the Bank denominated in the same Foreign Currency as the Time Deposit. You should be aware that the interest rates available on the Savings Deposit may be less than the interest rate on the Time Deposit that matured. A trade confirmation is issued when a Time Deposit matures and the funds are transferred to a Savings Deposit and you should review it carefully. We will not maintain a secondary market in the Time Deposits.

### **Penalty for Early Withdrawal**

Beginning seven days after the establishment of your Time Deposit at the Bank, you may request early withdrawal of the entire amount of your Time Deposit. Requests for withdrawals within the first six days or for partial withdrawals will not be honored. A penalty will be assessed for permitted early withdrawals. The penalty will be deducted from accrued interest, but will not reduce the principal amount invested in the Foreign Currency. The penalty will be determined by calculating the time remaining on the term of the Time Deposit as a percentage of the total term and subtracting that percentage amount from the accrued interest.

For example, if you invest 100,000 Euros in a 12-month Euro Time Deposit with an Annual Percentage Yield (“APY”)<sup>3</sup> of 4.0%, the accrued interest at maturity would be 4,000 Euros. If you requested early withdrawal of the Time Deposit after 9 months, 25% of the original term would still remain. Thus, the interest payment at 9 months minus the penalty (25% of 3,000 Euros = 750 Euros) would be 2,250 Euros. The total amount withdrawn would be 102,250 Euros (the principal amount invested (100,000 Euros) plus accrued interest (3,000 Euros) minus the penalty (750 Euros).

In the event of death or the adjudication of incompetence of the owner of a Time Deposit, early withdrawal of the entire Time Deposit will generally be permitted without penalty. Partial withdrawals will not be permitted. Written verification acceptable to the Bank will generally be required for early withdrawal under these circumstances.

## Individual Retirement Accounts

Pursuant to the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended (“IRC”), the beneficiary of an Individual Retirement Account (“IRA”) (but not a Roth IRA) may incur a penalty if the beneficiary does not begin making withdrawals from the IRA after age 70½. Time Deposits held by an IRA are not eligible for early withdrawal simply because the beneficiary must begin making withdrawals from the IRA to avoid a penalty. IRA beneficiaries should purchase Time Deposits with maturities that do not interfere with the mandatory withdrawal requirements.

## Savings Deposits

The Savings Deposits consist of a MMDA linked to a DDA account. A separate Savings Deposit will be established for each Foreign Currency you select from those that are available. The Savings Deposits do not have a specified maturity date.

### Interest

Each Savings Deposit will bear interest, if any, at a variable rate that may change as frequently as daily. The MMDA and the DDA will earn the same rate of interest, if any. Based upon market conditions, Savings Deposits denominated in some Foreign Currencies may earn no interest.

Interest will accrue beginning on the date of deposit at the Bank, will compound daily and will be credited to your Savings Deposit monthly. As explained below, the date of deposit at the Bank may be after the date you provide funds to Morgan Stanley Smith Barney. The Bank uses the daily balance method to calculate interest on Savings Deposits. This method applies a daily periodic rate to the principal in your Savings Deposit each day. No interest will accrue on the date of withdrawal.

Interest rates will be tiered-based on the amount of funds in your Savings Deposit in each Foreign Currency on that day. The Bank reserves the right to change the interest rates and interest rate tiers, and further, on any day there may be no difference in the interest rates on different tiers. The Bank also reserves the right to change the basis for tiering or eliminate tiering altogether. Your interest rate may change each day depending on the balance in your Savings Deposit, the applicable interest rate and tier. Current interest rates for Savings Deposits are available from your Financial Advisor or at [www.morganstanley.com/globalcurrency](http://www.morganstanley.com/globalcurrency).

## Deposit and Withdrawal Procedures

USD will be converted to Foreign Currency as described under the section titled “Delivery and Withdrawal of Foreign Currency.”

In general, Morgan Stanley Smith Barney, as your agent, will deposit your funds into your DDA at the Bank. Funds in excess of a minimum amount determined periodically by the Bank as necessary to satisfy withdrawals from your Savings Deposits will be transferred from your DDA at the Bank to your related MMDA.

All withdrawals from your Savings Deposits will be made by Morgan Stanley Smith Barney, as your agent, from your DDA at the Bank. If funds in the DDA are insufficient, funds in the MMDA will be transferred by Morgan Stanley Smith Barney, as your agent, to the related DDA to satisfy the withdrawal. Additional funds in the MMDA at the Bank will also be transferred to the related DDA at the Bank to maintain any minimum balance that the Bank may establish.

Federal banking regulations limit the transfers from a MMDA to a total of six during a monthly statement cycle. At any time during a month in which transfers from your MMDA at the Bank have reached the regulatory limit, all funds will be transferred from that MMDA to the related DDA until the end of the month. At the beginning of the next month, funds on deposit in the DDA will be transferred to the related MMDA, minus any minimum amount to be maintained in the DDA. These limits on MMDA transfers will not limit the number of withdrawals of funds on deposit in your DDA at the Bank, the interest rate you earn, or the amount of FDIC insurance coverage for which you are eligible.

As required by federal banking regulations, the Bank reserves the right to require seven days prior notice before permitting a transfer of funds out of a MMDA. While the Bank has indicated that it has no present intention of exercising its right to require such notice, the Bank may exercise this right at any time in its sole discretion.

## Cash Management Capabilities

For all brokerage accounts other than IRAs, you may instruct us to deposit a foreign currency check or wire into your Savings Deposit. All incoming Foreign Currency checks are subject to a processing fee.<sup>4</sup> Third-party bank fees may also apply and will be withdrawn from check proceeds. The processing time for Foreign Currency checks can be 10 days to 4 weeks, depending upon the currency and size of the check.

For all brokerage accounts other than IRAs, you may withdraw funds from your Savings Deposit to wire to another institution, by contacting your Financial Advisor. An outgoing wire fee applies.<sup>5</sup> You may not use the check-writing, direct deposit, debit card, online bill pay or other cash management capabilities of your brokerage account to withdraw funds from your Savings Deposits. Thus, withdrawals from your Savings Deposits can be made only by contacting your Financial Advisor to (i) wire Foreign Currency to or from your Savings Deposit (if the underlying brokerage account is not an IRA), (ii) convert funds to another currency for deposit into a Savings or Time Deposit or (iii) convert a Foreign Currency to USD to deposit in your brokerage account.

Additionally, Foreign Currency cannot be held directly in your Morgan Stanley Smith Barney brokerage account. This means that (1) foreign-denominated securities must be purchased with a conversion of USD and (2) any dividends, coupon payments or other distributions paid in a Foreign Currency are automatically converted to USD. Please review the “Securities Purchases and Distributions” section below for details.

## Delivery and Withdrawal of Foreign Currency

Foreign Currency cannot be deposited directly into your brokerage account. Foreign Currency may be deposited to the Bank via wire,<sup>2</sup> check or currency conversion. The processing time for Foreign Currency checks can be 10 days to 4 weeks, depending upon the currency and size of the check. Foreign Currency may be withdrawn from the Bank via wire or currency conversion, but not check. You may use wire instructions obtained from your Financial Advisor to deposit or withdraw Foreign Currency to or from a Savings Deposit, but not a Time Deposit.<sup>5</sup> There will generally be up to a two-business-day delay in depositing or withdrawing funds via wire. During that time your funds will be a non-interest bearing free credit balance.<sup>6</sup>

All incoming Foreign Currency wires and checks will automatically be deposited into a Savings Deposit. You cannot use an incoming Foreign Currency wire or check to establish a Time Deposit. You may, however, transfer Foreign Currency from a Savings Deposit to establish a Time Deposit. There is generally a two-business-day delay when transferring funds from a Savings Deposit to establish a Time Deposit, regardless of whether a currency conversion is required. This means that it will generally take four business days to establish a Time Deposit with an incoming wire or check. Your funds will remain in your Savings Deposit while pending transfer to a Time Deposit.

Alternatively, at your request on any business day, Morgan Stanley Smith Barney will convert USD in your brokerage account or Foreign Currency in a Savings Deposit to another currency. The converted currency can be used to fund a Savings Deposit or Time Deposit. Morgan Stanley Smith Barney will receive a Foreign Exchange Fee for converting your currency, as discussed in the section titled “Fees and Compensation” below. You will be informed of the exchange rate on the business day you place your order. There is generally a two-business-day delay for conversion. During that time your funds will remain invested in your brokerage account or Savings Deposit, as applicable, until the date of deposit at the Bank.

Additionally, you cannot wire Foreign Currency from a Time Deposit. All outgoing wires must be funded from a Savings Deposit. This means that it will generally take three business days to wire funds after a Time Deposit has matured and four business days to wire funds from a Time Deposit that has been redeemed early. See the “Time Deposits” section above for details. Your funds will be a non-interest bearing free credit balance<sup>6</sup> while an outgoing wire is pending from a Savings Deposit.

For all deposits, your trade confirmation will reflect the actual settlement date (i.e., the date of deposit at the Bank), adjusted for any applicable bank holidays. For all withdrawals, your trade confirmation will reflect the actual settlement date (i.e., the date of withdrawal from the Bank), adjusted for any applicable bank holidays.

## Fees and Compensation

Morgan Stanley Smith Barney may charge you a commission of up to 200 basis points to purchase a Time Deposit, prorated based upon a one-year term (e.g., up to 100 basis points for a 6-month Time Deposit). There is no commission when a Time Deposit automatically rolls into a Savings Deposit of the same currency.

For Savings Deposits, Morgan Stanley Smith Barney may charge you a commission of up to 100 basis points for each deposit into and withdrawal from the Savings Deposit if there is currency conversion. There are no commissions for deposits into a Savings Deposit made via wire or check. There are also no commissions for withdrawals from a Savings Deposit made via wire. Commissions will be determined by your Financial Advisor and will be charged in addition to your purchase or withdrawal, thereby reducing your net earnings on the Deposit. Commissions will be set forth on your trade confirmations. You should carefully review your trade confirmations.

In addition to the commissions for placing your funds, Morgan Stanley Smith Barney will retain a Foreign Exchange Fee for converting currency. The Foreign Exchange Fee is the difference or “spread” between the price Morgan Stanley Smith Barney pays for a currency and the price Morgan Stanley Smith Barney sells the currency to you. There are some Foreign Currencies that cannot be exchanged without first converting the Foreign Currency to USD. If your Foreign Currency must be converted to USD before converting to another Foreign Currency, Morgan Stanley Smith Barney will retain a Foreign Exchange Fee for each conversion transaction (e.g., (i) Foreign Currency to USD and (ii) USD to Foreign Currency). Your trade confirmation will **not** indicate when a conversion to USD was required to exchange Foreign Currencies.

The Bank may pay Morgan Stanley Smith Barney a fee equal to a percentage of the average daily deposit balances in your Deposit Accounts at the Bank. In its discretion, Morgan Stanley Smith Barney may reduce its fee and may vary the amount of the reductions between its clients. The amount of fee received by Morgan Stanley Smith Barney will affect the interest rate paid by the Bank on your Deposit Accounts. Morgan Stanley Smith Barney may also receive a financial benefit in the form of allocations made for financial reporting purposes. The amount of this benefit may vary and may be based on the average daily deposit balances in the Deposit Accounts. Generally, this benefit will increase as more funds are deposited.

As discussed below in the “Conflicts of Interest and Other Benefits to Morgan Stanley Smith Barney, the Bank and their Affiliates” section, Morgan Stanley Smith Barney, its affiliates, the Bank and their affiliates may also receive other financial benefits in connection with the Deposit Accounts.

## Investment Considerations Generally

### Eligibility

Deposit Accounts are not available for all account types or for accounts held by certain nonresident aliens, depending on their jurisdiction. Please ask your Financial Advisor for more details regarding eligibility.

### Margin

Deposit Accounts cannot be purchased on margin and do not count toward your margin equity. If you wish to secure a margin loan, you must purchase an investment that is eligible to secure such a loan.

### Taxes

The federal income tax consequences of owning Deposit Accounts will vary depending upon the terms of your Deposit Account and the type of account in which you hold your Deposit Account. In general, foreign currency gains or losses are treated as ordinary income or loss, not capital gains or losses. Additionally, there may be tax consequences upon the early withdrawal of a Time Deposit. These tax consequences may differ for non-U.S. persons. You should consult with your own tax advisor to determine the federal, state, local and other income and estate tax consequences of your Deposit Account purchase.

**Circular 230 Notice: Morgan Stanley Smith Barney does not provide tax advice. The tax information contained herein is general and is not exhaustive by nature. It was not intended or written to be used, and it cannot be used by any taxpayer, for the purpose of avoiding penalties that may be imposed on the taxpayer under U.S. federal tax laws. Federal and state tax laws are complex and constantly changing. You should always consult your own legal or tax professional for information concerning your individual situation.**

### Illiquidity of Time Deposits and Withdrawal Delays from Savings Deposits

There is no secondary market for Time Deposits. Early withdrawal of Time Deposits will be available, subject to a penalty and advance notice as set forth above. *Accordingly, you should be willing and able to hold the Time Deposits to maturity.* In addition, withdrawals from your Savings Deposit will be subject to advance notice and potential delays (e.g., bank holidays). You should not rely on your Savings Deposit for same-day access to funds.

### Nontransferable Deposits

You cannot transfer the Deposit Accounts to another broker if you close your brokerage account. Instead, you will be given the option of wiring the currency to your new custodian, if your brokerage account is not an IRA and your new custodian accepts such wires,<sup>5</sup> or converting the funds to USD to issue a check to your new custodian. If you convert funds, Morgan Stanley Smith Barney will retain a Foreign Exchange Fee and may charge a commission, as discussed in the section titled “Fees and Compensation.” You will also be able to establish the Deposit Accounts directly with the Bank under certain circumstances. If you choose to liquidate a Time Deposit prior to maturity, the penalty outlined above will apply.

### **Insolvency of the Bank**

In the event that the Bank approaches insolvency or becomes insolvent, the Bank may be placed in a regulatory conservatorship or receivership with the FDIC typically appointed as the conservator or receiver. The FDIC may, thereafter, pay off the Deposit Accounts, including the Time Deposits, or transfer the Deposit Accounts to another depository institution. If the Deposit Accounts are transferred to another institution, you may be offered a choice of maintaining the Deposit Accounts at a lower interest rate or withdrawing your funds. In either case, payments would be made to you in USD using a conversion rate quoted by the Federal Reserve Bank of New York as of the date of closure. This conversion rate may not be advantageous to you. Further, if there is a delay in payment, the value of USD may decline against the Foreign Currency of a Deposit Account prior to payment. Please refer to the “FDIC Insurance” section below for more information.

### **Uninsured Amounts**

If the principal amount of your Deposit Account, plus accrued interest, in USD is in excess of the Maximum Applicable Insurance Limit, the amount in excess will not be insured by the FDIC. In determining the total amount of your funds at the Bank for FDIC insurance purposes, you must aggregate all deposits at the Bank held in the same insurable capacity, regardless of the currency in which the deposit is denominated and regardless of whether you hold the deposits directly with the Bank or through Morgan Stanley Smith Barney (e.g., the Bank Deposit Program) or another financial intermediary. In the event of the failure of the Bank, you will be a general unsecured creditor of the Bank with respect to uninsured amounts and will receive payments, if any, in USD based upon the amount of assets the Bank has available for distribution. You should review the “Payments Under Adverse Circumstances” section below for more information.

### **Other Investments**

You should compare the rates of return and other features of the Deposit Accounts to other available investments before electing to purchase a Deposit Account. The rates paid with respect to the Deposit Accounts may be higher or lower than the rates on deposits or other investments available directly from the Bank or through Morgan Stanley Smith Barney.

### **Conflicts of Interest and Other Benefits to Morgan Stanley Smith Barney, the Bank and Their Affiliates**

As noted above, Morgan Stanley Smith Barney and the Bank are affiliated. As discussed in the “Fees and Compensation” section

above, you may be charged commissions and/or a Foreign Exchange Fee in connection with a Deposit Account transaction and Morgan Stanley Smith Barney may receive a fee from the Bank based on the average daily balances in the Deposit Accounts. In addition to these fees, Morgan Stanley Smith Barney, the Bank and their affiliates may receive other financial benefits in connection with the Deposit Accounts. For example, the Bank will retain a “deposit spread” between what it earns on your Deposit Account and the interest rate it pays on your Deposit Account.

## **Important Foreign Currency Investment Considerations**

### **Foreign-Denominated Securities Purchases and Distributions**

Foreign Currency cannot be deposited directly in your Morgan Stanley Smith Barney brokerage account. As a result, foreign-denominated securities generally cannot be purchased with Foreign Currency withdrawn from a Savings Deposit without converting to USD first and then converting back to the Foreign Currency. A Foreign Exchange Fee will apply to both conversions and commissions may be charged to withdraw funds from a Savings Deposit as well as purchase foreign-denominated securities. Please review carefully the section titled “Fees and Compensation” above for more information.

Additionally, any dividends, coupon payments or other distributions paid in a Foreign Currency are automatically converted to USD in your brokerage account and generally cannot be directly transferred to a Deposit Account in that Foreign Currency. Instead, the Foreign Currency must be converted to USD and then converted back to the Foreign Currency. There will be a Foreign Exchange Fee for both conversions and a commission may be charged to deposit the Foreign Currency into a Savings Deposit or purchase a Time Deposit. Please review carefully the section titled “Fees and Compensation.”

### **Spot Foreign Exchange Market and Rates**

Spot foreign exchange transactions occur in a worldwide off-exchange dealer market consisting of foreign exchange dealers, banks, brokerage firms and other participants. Bid and offer prices can change second to second based upon supply and demand, and geopolitical and other factors as well as size of transaction. Actual bid and offer prices may also vary considerably from closing prices reported in newspapers and quotation services.

The spot exchange rate is the exchange rate for the immediate delivery of one currency for another currency (a “currency pair”). Morgan Stanley Smith Barney will generally determine the spot exchange rates of the relevant currency pair based on transactions traded by Morgan Stanley Smith Barney and its affiliates in the interbank foreign exchange market. In addition, Morgan Stanley Smith Barney may determine the spot exchange rate of the relevant currency pair by referencing transactions in other currency pairs.

### **Morgan Stanley Smith Barney’s Principal Activities**

Morgan Stanley Smith Barney and its affiliates are active participants in the interbank spot and option market as dealers, proprietary traders and agents for their customers, and therefore at any given time Morgan Stanley Smith Barney or its affiliates may be engaging in currency or currency derivative transactions that could affect the currency exchange rate applicable to your Deposit Account at the time you seek to exchange your Foreign Currency. The Bank may hedge the Deposit Accounts by purchasing and selling a Foreign Currency in spot transactions, purchasing and selling currency futures contracts, entering into currency-forward contracts and cross-currency contracts, and purchasing or writing currency options with respect to one or more Foreign Currencies in which the Deposit Accounts are denominated, singly or in combination. In addition, Morgan Stanley Smith Barney and its affiliates publish research on foreign exchanges that may express a view that is inconsistent with a particular Deposit Account investment.

### **Order Execution; Morgan Stanley Smith Barney’s Dealer Profit**

*You should assume that Morgan Stanley Smith Barney will act as principal for any Foreign Currency Deposit exchange transactions that you initiate.* When Morgan Stanley Smith Barney acts as principal, it may profit by virtue of the dealer spread (i.e., the bid/ask spread)<sup>9</sup> on those transactions.

### **Market and Exchange Disruption**

Currency markets and exchanges may be disrupted from time to time, making currency or exchange rates unavailable to Morgan Stanley Smith Barney. Such disruptions may be due to circumstances, including, but not limited to, the imposition of exchange controls or other circumstances beyond the control of Morgan Stanley Smith Barney or a Foreign Currency no longer being used for settlement of transactions by financial institutions in the international banking community. In cases of market or exchange disruption, including days on which banking or foreign exchange markets are closed due to unforeseen events, or local bank holidays, settlement of Deposit Accounts and currency exchange transactions may be delayed. In such cases, Morgan Stanley Smith Barney will settle its obligations in respect

of the Deposit Accounts in good faith and in a commercially reasonable manner, and your funds will remain on deposit at the Bank until such time as a currency exchange can be executed.

### **Foreign Exchange Risk Considerations**

Before engaging in a foreign exchange transaction you should consider your investment objectives, level of investment experience and risk tolerance, and understand the risks associated with foreign exchange trading. Engaging in foreign exchange transactions entails more varied risks than those normally associated with transactions in the domestic securities markets. Attention should be paid to market, credit, sovereign and liquidity risks. For more information on the risks associated with foreign exchange transactions, please contact your Financial Advisor.

**Market Risk.** Market risk is price risk. In the foreign exchange market, this translates to exchange rate risk, as this is the price of one currency in relation to another currency. Currency exchange rates may experience dramatic and unpredictable fluctuations, which could cause your Deposit Account to devalue in relation to USD or other currencies from the time of its establishment to maturity or withdrawal. You should not invest funds in a Deposit Account unless you have carefully considered the potential effect of fluctuating currency values on your investment in the Deposit Account.

**Exchange Rate Risk.** All money invested in foreign currency-denominated instruments incurs exchange rate risk; changes in exchange rates could magnify or eliminate any gains as well as create losses. **Foreign currencies may have significant price movements, even within the same day, and any Deposit Account may lose value against other currencies; in particular, your Deposit Account may lose value as measured in USD. Foreign currency exchanges, by definition, depend on the relative values of two different currencies, and are therefore subject to risks of fluctuations caused by a variety of economic and political factors in each of the two relevant countries, as well as in other countries.** Among other things, these risks include national debt levels, trade deficits and balance of payments, domestic and foreign interest rates and inflation rates, global, regional or national political and economic events, monetary policies of governments and possible government intervention in the currency markets or in other markets. Relevant information relating to these conditions may not be as well known or as rapidly or thoroughly reported in the United States as United States developments are reported in the United States. Exchange rate fluctuations can be extremely volatile, can effectively raise or lower prices and can cause financial planning difficulties for companies and individuals.

### Exchange Rate Risk Example

A U.S. company orders supplies from a Japanese manufacturer that will be ready in six months and cost ¥110 million. At the time of order, the Yen is trading at ¥110 to \$1.

The U.S. company budgets USD \$1 million to be converted into Japanese Yen, so payment can be made when the supplies are received:  $¥110,000,000 \div 110 \text{ ¥ per } \$ = \$1,000,000$ . However, there is no guarantee that the exchange rate will remain at this rate when the supplies are delivered and payment is due.

Suppose the **rate drops** to 100 Yen per USD:

- The cost in USD would increase by \$100,000:  
 $¥110,000,000 \div 100 \text{ ¥ per } \$ = \$1,100,000$

Conversely, if the **rate goes up** to 120 Yen per USD:

- The cost in USD would decrease by over \$83,333:  
 $¥110,000,000 \div 120 \text{ ¥ per } \$ = \$916,666.66$

**Credit Risk.** Credit risk arises from uncertainty over a counterparty's ability to meet its obligations. Your primary credit risk for Deposit Accounts is with respect to the Bank. Please refer to the section above titled "Your Relationship with Morgan Stanley Smith Barney and the Bank" for more information. There is also credit risk at the point in time in which you convert a foreign currency. For foreign exchange transactions, between the time of the trade and the settlement, there is an implicit extension of credit, because no payments are required to be made by either party at the time of the transaction, and hence an acceptance of credit risk, by both parties. Deposit Accounts that require a foreign exchange transaction will usually be effected with Morgan Stanley Smith Barney or one of its affiliates acting as principal. Accordingly, your direct credit risk from the foreign exchange transaction is with respect to Morgan Stanley Smith Barney. This protects you against credit risk arising from transactions with other market participants that may be less well capitalized. However, you will be fully exposed to a Morgan Stanley Smith Barney default.

**Sovereign Risk—A Form of Credit Risk.** Sovereign risk includes the political and legal risks associated with foreign exchange transactions. Although in the current foreign exchange market there are fewer restrictions imposed on international payments than in the past, the possibility that a country may prohibit a transfer cannot be ignored. In addition, defaults by governments on their debt or other obligations will necessarily have a significant adverse effect on the value of their currencies.

**Liquidity Risk.** All investment activities are subject to liquidity risk, which arises when an asset cannot be bought or sold quickly enough to prevent or minimize a loss, due to a lack of marketability. Given the size and nature of the foreign exchange market, liquidity risk is less of a danger than in many financial markets. However, liquidity constraints may arise from time to time in the currency markets, even in the context of major currencies. In the event of liquidity constraints, it may be difficult or impossible, or prohibitively expensive, to establish or liquidate transactions, which could result in increased losses.

**Execution Risk.** Your ability to execute desired currency transactions may be limited not only by liquidity in the relevant market but also by operational or systems constraints and the rapid pace at which fluctuations in the currency markets may occur. Systems or telecommunications delays or failures could delay or prevent execution of desired transactions and adverse market movements could occur before orders can be executed. In addition, even in the absence of systems or telecommunications problems, an order placed with Morgan Stanley Smith Barney may be executed at a less favorable price, due to fluctuations in the relevant exchange rate, which can occur virtually instantaneously.

## FDIC Insurance

The following description of FDIC coverage is only a summary of certain FDIC regulations and is subject to, in its entirety, the rules, regulations and interpretations of the FDIC and changes thereto from time to time.

### In General

Your Deposit Accounts are insured by the FDIC, an independent agency of the U.S. Government, in USD to the Maximum Applicable Insurance Limit (including principal and accrued interest) for all deposits held in the same insurable capacity at the Bank. Generally, any accounts or deposits that you may maintain directly with the Bank, or through any other intermediary in the same insurable capacity in which the Deposit Accounts are maintained, regardless of currency, would be aggregated with the Deposit Accounts for purposes of the Maximum Applicable Insurance Limit. In the event the Bank fails, the Deposit Accounts are insured in USD, up to the Maximum Applicable Insurance Limit, for principal and interest accrued to the date of closure. In the event of insolvency, the FDIC will value your Deposit Accounts in USD using a conversion rate quoted by the Federal Reserve Bank of New York as of the date of closure, which may be different from the conversion rates applied by Morgan Stanley Smith Barney.

**The FDIC does NOT insure against the risk that your Deposit Account will lose value as measured in USD. You may receive less money than you placed in a Deposit Account.**

Under certain circumstances, if you become the owner of deposits at a depository institution because another depositor dies, beginning six months after the death of the depositor the FDIC will aggregate those deposits for purposes of the Maximum Applicable Insurance Limit with any other deposits that you own in the same insurable capacity at the depository institution. Examples of accounts that may be subject to this FDIC policy include joint accounts, "payable on death" accounts and certain trust accounts. The FDIC provides a 6-month "grace period" to permit you to restructure your deposits to obtain the maximum amount of deposit insurance for which you are eligible.

**The deposit insurance limit for all insurable capacities is \$250,000. Any deposits (including CDs) that you maintain in the same insurable capacity directly with a Bank, or through an intermediary (such as Morgan Stanley Smith Barney or another broker), will be aggregated with your Deposit Accounts at the Bank for purposes of the Maximum Applicable Insurance Limit. You are responsible for monitoring the total amount of deposits that you hold with the Bank, directly or through an intermediary, including**

**deposits held at the Bank through the Bank Deposit Program, in order for you to determine the extent of deposit insurance coverage available to you on your Deposit Accounts. Morgan Stanley Smith Barney is not responsible for any insured or uninsured amount of the Deposit Accounts or any other deposits.**

If your Deposit Accounts at the Bank are assumed by another depository institution pursuant to a merger or consolidation, the Deposit Accounts will continue to be separately insured from the deposits that you might have established with the acquirer until (i) the maturity date of the Time Deposits that were assumed, or (ii) with respect to the Savings Deposits, the expiration of a 6-month period from the date of the acquisition. Thereafter, any assumed Deposit Accounts will be aggregated with your existing deposits with the acquirer held in the same insurable capacity for purposes of federal deposit insurance.

The application of the Maximum Applicable Insurance Limit is illustrated by several common factual situations discussed below.

**Individual Customer Accounts.** Deposits at the Bank held by an individual in an account in the name of an agent or nominee of such individual (such as the Deposit Accounts held in a Morgan Stanley Smith Barney brokerage account) or held by a custodian (for example, under the Uniform Gifts to Minors Act or the Uniform Transfers to Minors Act) are not treated as owned by the agent, nominee or custodian, but are added to other deposits of such individual held in the same insurable capacity (including funds held in a sole proprietorship) and insured up to \$250,000 in the aggregate. Deposits held through a **qualified tuition savings program (529 Plan)** will be insured as deposits of the participant and aggregated with other deposits of the participant if the arrangement and the name of the participant are identified on Morgan Stanley Smith Barney's account records.

**Corporate, Partnership and Unincorporated Association Accounts.** Deposits at the Bank owned by corporations (including Subchapter S corporations), partnerships and unincorporated associations, are added together with other deposits owned by such corporation, partnership and unincorporated association, respectively, and are insured up to \$250,000 in the aggregate. Deposits maintained by corporations operated solely to increase deposit insurance will not be separately insured.

**Joint Accounts.** An individual's interest in deposits at the Bank held under any form of joint ownership valid under applicable state law may be insured up to \$250,000 in the aggregate, separately and in addition to the \$250,000 allowed on other deposits

individually owned by any of the co-owners of such accounts (hereinafter referred to as a “Joint Account”). For example, a Joint Account owned by two persons would be eligible for insurance coverage of up to \$500,000 (\$250,000 for each person), subject to aggregation with each owner’s interests in other Joint Accounts at the Bank. Joint Accounts will be insured separately from individually owned accounts only if each of the co-owners is an individual person and has a right of withdrawal on the same basis as the other co-owners.

**Revocable Trust Accounts.** Deposits at the Bank held pursuant to a “revocable trust” are generally insured up to \$250,000 per beneficiary if the beneficiary is a natural person, charity or other nonprofit organization. There are two types of revocable trusts recognized by the FDIC, informal and formal revocable trusts. The fact that an account is owned by a trust must be reflected in the account title for FDIC coverage to apply (e.g., “Smith Family Trust,” “John Smith TOD Jane Smith,” etc.).

Informal revocable trusts include accounts in which the owner evidences an intent that at his or her death the funds shall belong to one or more specified beneficiaries. These trusts may be referred to as a “Totten trust” account, “payable upon death” account or “transfer on death” account. Each beneficiary must be included in Morgan Stanley Smith Barney’s account records to be insured by the FDIC.

Formal revocable trusts are written trust arrangements in which the owner retains ownership and control of the assets and designation of beneficiaries during his or her lifetime. The trusts may be referred to as “living” or “family” trusts. The beneficiaries of a formal revocable trust do not need to be included in Morgan Stanley Smith Barney’s account records to be insured by the FDIC.

Under FDIC rules, FDIC coverage for each revocable trust account owner is \$250,000 per beneficiary, regardless of the proportional interest of the beneficiary in the revocable trust, if the trust has no more than five named beneficiaries and deposit balances of no more than \$1,250,000 at the Bank. If the revocable trust has more than five named beneficiaries and more than \$1,250,000 in deposits per trust account owner at the Bank, the funds will be insured for the greater of \$1,250,000 or the aggregate amount of all beneficiaries’ proportional interest, limited to \$250,000 per beneficiary, for each account owner. Revocable trust accounts are insured separately from the deposits of the account owner in his and/or her individual capacity.

Deposits in all revocable trusts of the same owner—informal and formal—at the same bank will be aggregated for insurance purposes. A revocable trust established by two owners where the owners are the sole beneficiaries will be treated as a Joint Account under applicable rules and will be aggregated with their other Joint Accounts.

**Irrevocable Trust Accounts.** Deposits at the Bank held pursuant to one or more irrevocable trust agreements created by the same grantor (as determined under applicable state law) will be insured for up to \$250,000 for the interest of each beneficiary provided that the beneficiary’s interest in the account is noncontingent (i.e., capable of determination without evaluation of contingencies). According to the FDIC, Coverdell Education Savings Accounts (“CESAs”) will be treated as irrevocable trust accounts for deposit insurance purposes. The deposit insurance of each beneficiary’s interest is separate from the coverage provided for other accounts maintained by the beneficiary, the grantor, the trustee or other beneficiaries. The interest of a beneficiary in irrevocable trust accounts at the Bank created by the same grantor will be aggregated and insured up to \$250,000.

## Retirement Plans and Accounts

The Maximum Applicable Insurance Limit for deposits of a Sweep Bank that are held through one or more retirement plans and accounts will vary depending on the type of plan or account and, in some cases, the features of the plan or account. The following sections discuss in general terms the rules that apply to deposits held through retirement plans and accounts. These rules determine the Maximum Applicable Insurance Limit available to you and whether your deposits at a Sweep Bank held through different retirement plans and accounts will be aggregated for purposes of that Limit.

It is important to understand the type of plan or account holding your deposits.

## IRAs and Certain Retirement Plans

The retirement plans and accounts described below are eligible for a Maximum Applicable Insurance Limit of \$250,000. All deposits held by you through such plans and accounts will be aggregated for purposes of the Limit. This means all deposits of a Sweep Bank that you hold through the plans and accounts described below will be eligible for insurance up to a total of \$250,000. For example, if you hold \$150,000 in an IRA and \$150,000 in a self-directed 401(k) account at the same Sweep Bank, you will have \$50,000 in uninsured deposits.

- **IRAs.** All deposits of a Sweep Bank held in IRAs will be aggregated for purposes of the Maximum Applicable Insurance Limit and will be further aggregated with deposits held through other plans described in this section.
- **Section 457 Plans.** These plans include any eligible deferred compensation plan described in Section 457 of the IRC.
- **Self-Directed Keogh and 401(k) Plans.** Deposits held in any plan described in Section 401(d) of the IRC, generally referred to as Keogh plans, and in any plan described in Section 3(34) of ERISA including, but not limited to, plans generally referred to as Section 401(k) plans. The plan must be “self-directed” as defined by the FDIC.

### All Other Retirement Plans

Subject to the limitations discussed below, under FDIC regulations an individual’s non-contingent interests in the deposits of a Sweep Bank held by many types of plans are eligible for insurance up to the Maximum Applicable Insurance Limit on a pass-through basis. The types of plans for which deposits may receive pass-through treatment are employee benefit plans, as defined in Section 3(3) of ERISA (including Keogh plans, whether or not they are technically “employee benefit plans” under ERISA), and eligible deferred compensation plans described in Section 457 of the IRC, that do not meet the FDIC’s “self-directed” criteria. For purposes of Section 3(3) of ERISA, employee benefit plans are broadly defined to include most employee benefit plans, including most defined benefit plans and most defined contribution plans.

Pass-through insurance means that instead of a plan’s deposits at one Sweep Bank being entitled to only the Maximum Applicable Insurance Limit in total per Sweep Bank, each participant in the plan is entitled to insurance of his or her non-contingent interest in the plan’s deposits of up to the Maximum Applicable Insurance Limit per Sweep Bank (subject to the aggregation of the participant’s interests in different plans maintained by the same employer or employee organization, e.g., unions). The pass-through insurance provided to an individual as a plan participant is separate from the Maximum Applicable Insurance Limit allowed on other deposits held by an individual in different insurable capacities with the Sweep Bank. For example, a participant’s non-contingent \$250,000 interest in an employee benefit plan would be insured separately from a \$250,000 CD that participant may hold at the same Sweep Bank in his or her individual capacity.

If a deposit held by a plan is eligible for pass-through insurance, the plan is not necessarily insured for an amount equal to the number of plan participants multiplied by the Maximum Applicable Insurance Limit. For example, an employee benefit plan has \$500,000 in its Deposit Account at one Sweep Bank and the participants are thus eligible for up to \$250,000 per plan beneficiary. If the employee benefit plan has two participants, one with a non-contingent interest of \$320,000 and one with a non-contingent interest of \$180,000, the plan’s deposit would be insured up to only \$430,000. The individual with the \$320,000 interest would be insured up to the \$250,000 limit and the individual with the \$180,000 interest would be insured up to the full value of such interest.

The contingent interests of employees in an employee benefit plan and overfunded amounts attributed to any employee benefit plan are not insured on a pass-through basis. Contingent interests of employees in an employee benefit plan deposit are interests that are not capable of evaluation in accordance with FDIC rules and are aggregated and insured up to the Maximum Applicable Insurance Limit per Sweep Bank. Similarly, overfunded amounts are insured, in the aggregate for all participants, up to the Maximum Applicable Insurance Limit separately from the insurance provided for any other funds owned by or attributable to the employer or an employee benefit plan participant. However, under FDIC regulations an individual’s interests in plans maintained by the same employer or employee organization (e.g., a union) which are holding deposits of the same Sweep Bank will be aggregated for purposes of the Maximum Applicable Insurance Limit.

### Payments Under Adverse Circumstances

As with all deposits, if it becomes necessary for federal deposit insurance payments to be made on the Deposit Accounts, there is no specific time period during which the FDIC must make insurance payments available. Accordingly, you should be prepared for the possibility of an indeterminate delay in obtaining insurance payments. In addition, the FDIC will convert your Foreign Currency Deposits to USD as of the date of closure. If there is a delay in insurance payments, your Deposit Accounts may lose value prior to payment.

As explained above, the Maximum Applicable Insurance Limit applies to the USD value of the principal and accrued interest on all deposit accounts maintained by you at the Bank in the same insurable capacity. The records maintained by the Bank and

Morgan Stanley Smith Barney regarding ownership of your Deposit Accounts would be used to establish your eligibility for federal deposit insurance payments. In addition, you may be required to provide certain documentation to the FDIC and to Morgan Stanley Smith Barney before insurance payments are released to you. For example, if you hold the Deposit Accounts as trustee for the benefit of trust participants, you may also be required to furnish an affidavit to that effect; you may be required to furnish other affidavits and provide indemnities regarding an insurance payment.

In the event that deposit insurance payments become necessary, the FDIC is required to pay the USD value of the outstanding principal amount plus accrued interest to the date of the closing of a depository institution, as prescribed by law, and subject to the Maximum Applicable Insurance Limit. The USD value of your Deposit Accounts will be established on the date of closing, not the date of payment. No interest is earned on deposits from the time a depository institution is closed until insurance payments are received.

As an alternative to a direct deposit insurance payment from the FDIC, the FDIC may transfer the insured deposits of an insolvent institution to a healthy institution. Subject to insurance verification requirements and the limits on deposit insurance coverage, the healthy institution may assume the deposits under the original terms or offer you a choice between paying the deposits off and maintaining the deposits at a different rate. Morgan Stanley Smith Barney will advise you of your options in the event of a deposit transfer.

If your Deposit Accounts at the Bank or other deposits at the Bank (e.g., CDs or funds in the Bank Deposit Program) are assumed by another depository institution pursuant to a merger or consolidation, such deposits will continue to be insured separately, up to the Maximum Applicable Insurance Limit, from the deposits Morgan Stanley Smith Barney will not be obligated to you for amounts not covered by deposit insurance nor will Morgan Stanley Smith Barney be obligated to make any payments to you in satisfaction of a loss you might incur as a result of (i) a delay in insurance payouts applicable to your Deposit Accounts, (ii) losses related to conversion by the FDIC of your Deposit Accounts to USD, (iii) uninsured amounts, (iv) your receipt of a decreased interest rate on an investment replacing Time Deposits as a result of the payment of the principal and accrued interest on the Deposit Accounts prior to their scheduled maturity or (v) payment in cash of

the principal and accrued interest on the Deposit Accounts prior to maturity in connection with the liquidation of the Bank or the assumption of all or a portion of its deposit liabilities. Also, we will not be obligated to credit your brokerage account with funds in advance of payments received from the FDIC.

### **Questions About FDIC Insurance Coverage**

If you have questions about basic FDIC insurance coverage, please visit the FDIC's website at [www.fdic.gov/deposit/index.html](http://www.fdic.gov/deposit/index.html) or contact your Financial Advisor. You may also wish to seek advice from an attorney concerning the FDIC insurance coverage available to you. Additional information can be obtained by contacting the FDIC, Deposit Insurance Outreach, Division of Supervision and Consumer Affairs, by letter (550 17th Street, N.W., Washington, DC 20429), by phone (877-275-3342 or 800-925-4618 (TDD)), or by e-mail, using the FDIC's Online Customer Assistance Form available on its website.

<sup>1</sup> A business day is any day other than a Saturday or Sunday, legal holiday or day on which banks are required or authorized by law or regulation to close.

<sup>2</sup> Funds cannot be wired into or out of a Savings Deposit where the underlying brokerage account is an IRA. Foreign Currency checks also cannot be deposited into a Savings Deposit where the underlying brokerage account is an IRA.

<sup>3</sup> APY is an annualized percentage yield reflecting the total amount that was paid as interest and/or dividends, compounded daily over a 365-day period (or 366-day period in a leap year).

<sup>4</sup> Effective August 23, 2010, a \$50 incoming foreign currency check processing fee applies.

<sup>5</sup> As of July 15, 2010, the outgoing wire fee was \$50.

<sup>6</sup> Under the customer protection rules of the SEC [17 CFR 240.15c3-2 & 3], Morgan Stanley Smith Barney may use free credit balances that are payable to you on demand in the ordinary course of its business.

<sup>7</sup> A "sweep investment" is the money market fund or bank deposit to which free credit balances in your Morgan Stanley Smith Barney brokerage account are automatically swept.

<sup>8</sup> Two prices exist for every currency. The "bid" is the price at which you can sell and the "ask" (also known as the "offer") is the price at which you can buy. For example, a quote for dollar-swiss of "1.0375-78" indicates a bid price for USD/CHF of 1.0375 per dollar and an ask price for USD/CHF of 1.0378 per dollar. The bid price is always quoted *first* and is *lower* than the ask price. The differential between the prices is called the *bid/ask spread*.

Unless specifically disclosed to you in writing, other investments and services offered through Morgan Stanley Smith Barney LLC is not insured by the FDIC, are not deposits or other obligations of, or guaranteed by, Morgan Stanley Private Bank, National Association and involve investment risks, including possible loss of principal amount invested. Morgan Stanley Smith Barney LLC is a registered broker-dealer, not a bank.

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